## PERSHING CONFIRMS CAPTURE OF VAUX

Commander Places Losses of One German Regiment at 3,000.

CROSSES FOR THE BRAVE

Counter Attack Repulsed and Casualties to Our Troops Reported Slight.

WASHINGTON, July 8 .- Gen. Pershing's report of yesterday describes the setting by the Americans when they stermed and captured the village of Vaux, the Bois de la Roche and neighboring woods. He reports that the Americans advanced 1,000 yards on a front of a mile and a half and gives official confirmation of the report that one regiment of Germans (about 3,000 men) was wiped out by the Americans. The communique follows:

"Section A .- Yesterday afternoon ! the Chateau Thierry region our infantry, with effective cooperation from our batteries, stormed the village of Vaux, the Bois de la Roche and the neighboring woods. The attack was made in cooperwoods. The attack was made in cooperation with the French on our right, who savanced their line on Hill 204.

"Our own positions were advanced on a front of a mile and a half and to a depth of 1,000 yards. The enemy's losses in killed and wounded were heavy. His regiment holding the sector attacked offered obstinate resistance and was practically annihilated. Our losses were relatively slight.

rning was entirely repulsed. The enemy again suffered severely and left additional prisoners in our hands. The prisoners captured in the attack and counter attack number over 500 and in-clude six officers. This increases the total of prisoners taken by our troops in this vicinity during the last month to

Three American Airmen Lost. The material captured by our troops furing yesterday afternoon includes trench mortars and over sixty machine guns. The day passed quietly at other

points.

"American aviation squadrons cooperated with our troops in the action
northwest of Chateau Thierry. Three of
our aviators did not return." Section B of Gen. Pershing's com-nunique for July 2 contained the names

from its correspondent with the American Army in France as having been awarded the Distinguished Service Cross. The names and the acts of gallantry or which the cross was awarded follow a the communique: "Section B-The Commander-in-Chief

has awarded Distinguished Service Crosses to the following enlisted men and officers for acts of gallantry as set forth after their names:

"Corporal Rexford H. Dettre, Field
Artillery: 'At Villers Tournelle, Canigny sector, France, on May 1, 7918,
displayed distinguished bravery in twice
saving his shelter during a heavy bornhardment and soing to the assistance of

tardment and going to the assistance of weument and going to the assistance of weumed men lying exposed in the open.' Torporal A. H. Quick, Field Artil-lery: 'At Villers Tournelle, Cantigny setter, France, on May 1, 1918, dis-his shelter during a heavy bombardment and going to the assistance of a wounded man who was lying exposed in the open.'
"Corporal Louis Liberman, Field Arfillery: 'At Villers Tournelle, Cantigny
sector, France, on May 1, 1918, dislayed distinguished bravery in twice bardment and going to the assistance of

wounded men lying exposed in the open.' Marines in Bayonet Charge.

Second Lieut, Louis F. Timmerman, Marines: 'In the Bois de Belleau on une 6, 1918, he led his men in a bayonet large against superior numbers of the emy, capturing two machine guns and Wounded in the to by shrapnel, he continued heroically perform his duties until relieved. Gunner Sergeant John Groff, Marines: in the Hois de Belleau on June 6, 1918,

has enabled to move against the enemy machine gun positions. Corporal Charles W. Brooks, Marines:

the Bois de Belleau on June 8 1913, he displayed great courage and chaolite disregard for personal safety is repeatedly going through heavy ma-hine gun fire with messages."

Captured Two Single Handed.

Private Hugh S. Miller, Marines: "In the Bols de Helleau, on June 6, 1918, he reptured single handed two of the Although in a weakened condi-continued to perform his duty

Second Lieut, Ralph W. Murchall, Marines: "In the Bois de Belleau, on July 8 and 8, 1918, he demonstrated conspicuous bravery and coolness in fearlessly exposing himself to heavy fire from machine guns, rifles and hand srenades in order that he might profile accurate information regarding the are accurate information regarding the ements of the enemy."

First Lieut, Alfred H. Noble, Marines: In the Bols de Belleau, on June 6 and 1918, he was conspicuous for his rare adgment and personal courage in andling his company in attacks against frongly fortified machine gun posi-

Capt. Dwight F. Smith, Marines-"In Bois de Belleau on June 8, 1918, he as conspicuous for his gallantry and lermy in conducting attacks against lengly fortified machine gun positions.

## The Nation's Honor Roll

		051514767	Z.,
	ARMY.	Reported	Total
Willad in sall-s		July 3.	to date.
Killed in action	**************	18	1,522
Died of wounds		9	502
Died of disease	THE RESIDENCE OF STREET, STREE	4	1,299
Died of accident and other can	NAS	a	475
wounded in action	************	12	5.114
Missing in action (including p	risoners)	36	482
Day's totals	-	95	9,344
(Corrected according to the	e latest War Dens	rtment figur	20,044
		. timent ngui	,
. м	ARINES.	Reported	Total
manage and the second		July 3.	to date.
Killed in action		33	292
Died of wounds		4	154
Died of disease		. 0	0
Died of accident and other cau	ses.	. 0	0
Wounded in action		3	846
Missing in action (including p	risoners)	ő	82
AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF			
Day's totals			1,324
(Corrected according t	o latest Marine Co	rps figures.	)

WASHINGTON, July 3 .- The Army and | Marine Corps casualty lists to-day contained 125 names, 85 from the army and 40 from the marines. The army list

KILLED IN ACTION. CRAWFORD, B. S., Tarentum, Pa. CURRY, J. V., Plains, Pa. Sergeants.

Privates.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

SMITH, H. L., Oshkosh, Wis. Sergeant, HACKMAN, C. W. San Francisco. Corporal. CURTH, E. F., Yonkers, N. Y.

BAILEY, A., Springfield, O.

of sixty-three officers and men of the army and Marine Corps, including the CAUSES.

Lieutenant.

CROCKER, A., Jr., Fitchburg, Mass. CROCKER, A., Jr., Fitchburg, Mass. Corporals.

Privates.

BLOODOUGH, J., Saliabury, N. Y.
BREISCH, W. H. T., Allentown, Pa.
PERSON, L. B., 206 Eldert street, Bre WOUNDED SEVERELY. Cormerais, H. D., Allston, Mass. Lieutenanta

Privates.

MISSING IN ACTION. HOLBROOK, D. A., Rockland, Me.

Privates.

Honor for Men Who Fell.

Private (first class) John B. Walters, infantry: "While a member of a patrol in No Man's Land in the vicinity of Ancreville on the night of May 3-4, 1918, he displayed great self-eacriftee in refusing aid and continuing to do his duty after being mortally wounded."

Second Lieut. Weilborn S. Priddy, infantry: "While in command of an important post pass Badenyille France on May 26, 1918, he displayed courage, judgment and devotion to duty in hero-

Private Frank P. Vallely, Field Artillery: "At Coullemelle, France, on April 27, 1918, under a heavy bombardment voluntarily went to the assistance of other soldiers who had been buried in a dugout by enemy shell fire and was killed while engaged in this heroic action."

RELLEHER, D., New Rochelle, N. Y. KENNEDY, T., 226 South Orange street

Newark.

K. T. V.A. F., Christopher, III.

ROWALSRI, J., Meriden, Conn.

LAGER, A., Sulphur, La.

LA JEUNESSE, E. A., Lowell, Mass.

MORGAN, T., Lansing, O.

O'CONNER, H. B., Newark, O.

REITZELL, F. V., Riverton, Ia.

ROBERTS, W. A., Merryville, La.

ROCHIN, J., Russia.

ROWANOV, W., 73 Van Buren street,

Newark.

ROSEN, P., 138 Livingston street, New

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING. NOW REPORTED SLIGHTLY WOUNDED

ACTION, NOW REPORTED TO HAVE DIED OF AEROPLANE ACCIDENT,

MARINE CORPS.

KILLED IN ACTION.

First Sergeant.
SISSLER, J. A., 312 West Thirty-seventle street, New York.

Bergeants.

Corporals.

Privates.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Corporal.

BENSON, R. B., North Woodstork, Conn. New York.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

Privates.

RYLANDER, Thor A., Roslindale, Mass.
CLAUSEN, H. E., Chicago.

the service of caring for and evacuating

the wounded in a most systematic and

admirable manner, constantly exposing himself to the enemy, displaying ex-

traordinary herolsm, coolness and en-

Marine Gunner Henry L. Hulbert, ma-

Gunner Sergeant Charles F. Hoffman, parines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, lune 6, 1918, displayed coolness and extraordinary heroism throughout the at-tack. During the counter attack of the enemy he, armed with a rifle, charged

and routed a group of machine gunners.

HESS, R. B., St. Paul.

McCURDY, H, E. Chicago.

BROCKWAY, C. L., Utlea, N. Y. CARMAN, H., Jamalea, N. Y. CONWAY, P., Chicago WARE, A. F., Fort Scott, Kan.

ELLIOTT, H. W. Minespoils.
HUGHES, A., Madrid, N. Y.
LAIDLAW, R. W., Havana, Cuba.
LEBLANO, N. J., Chicago,
LYON, H. T., Hattleville, Ark.
STONE, H. H., Detroit.

Bugler. NEWTON, H. B., Hartford, Conn. ...

Lieutenant. MORTIMER, R., Tuxedo Park, N. Y.

The Marine Corps list follows:

Second Lieutenant. SOMERS, V. L., Bloxom, Va.

York.
TALBOLT, L. O., Lowville, N. Y.
TEDRICK, C. McAlester, Okia.
THUNE, E., Syracuse, N. Y.
TINELO, F., Watervilet, N. Y.
VICTORY, L., Italy,
ZBROWSKI, J., East Chicago, Ind.

DOWNEY, J. A., Shamozin, Pa.
ELLINGWOOD, R. E., Bisbes, Ariz.
SK, R., Bussell, N. Y.
FRANKLIN, G., Pekin, III.
HARTER, H. C., Marshalltown, Ia.
JORGENSEN, G., Waukesha, Wis.
KAZEMERSKY, M., 68 Essex street, New

CALLENDER, DELBERT F., Elkhart.

Privates,

BREWSTER, C. J., Newport, N. H.

COXWELL, E. B., Gadsden, Ala.

DAY, W. LE ROY, Blue Springs, Neb.

ESKEW, P. K., Franklin, Ky.

GONZALES, D., Tucumcari, N. M.

KING, J. A., Chestnut Hill, Mass,

MASSORRA, J., Rochester, N. Y.

CALEGROVE, F. W., Phillipsburg, N. J.

REICHLING, N. Chicago,

SHOEMAKER, J. K., Waterbury, Cons.,

TRAYNHAM, H. V., Arbuckle, Cal.

FARRELL, J., 2394 Eighth avenue, New York. Tork.

FRANCOIS, J., Scott. La.

FRANCOIS, J., Scott. La.

HOFFMAN, H., Beattle, Kan.

KEEFE, H. S., Rozbury, Mass.

KIRKPATRICK, J. J., Jr., Holyoke, Mass.

McAEE, J. C., Nelsonville, O.

NIOTIS, M., Burgettstown, Pa.

OWENS, S., Owanka, S. D.

WENTZEL, R. D., Telford, Pa.

HADLEY, R. T., Texarkana, Ark., SMITH, D., Sugar Tree Ridge, Ohio.

CHILD. G., Pocomoke City, Md. GAY, E. B., Briggsville, Wis.

Sergeant. SMITH, J. H., 127 Greggs avenue, Brook-

BLUE, R. N., Stewardson, III.
CARSON, C. L., Coffeyville, Kan.
CLEMENT, G., Harrison, N. J.
LIBHART, G. M., French Camp, Cal.
MAGRUDER, R. A., Waterbury, Conn.,
NORTON, J., Canisteo, N. Y.,
SOVIA, T., SANBORN, N. Y.,
WAITE, D. C., Davenport, 1a.

York, HUGHET, G. D., Lehigh, Okia. McGRATH, E. J., New Bedford, Mass. PITTS, J. E., Bianton, Ala.

BELL, O., Pictou, N. S. BRADY, T. J., Troy, N. Y. BURKETT, C. L., Thaver, Mo.

'In the Bold de Belleau, on June 8, 1918, he slowed great bravery and cool-ness in leading a plateon to an attack on a strongly fortified machine gun on a strongly fortified machine gun nest which he reached and held."

in the Hois de Belleau on June 6, 1918, he charged an enemy of unknown numbers at the head of six men. dispersed them and inflicted losses, showing exceptional coolness and bravery.

Sergeant Darel J. McKinner, Marines:
In the Bois de Belleau on June 8, 1918, he although severely wounded, refused to go to the rear for treatment. Despite his wounds, he continued to lead his lation to the attack, inflicting great losses upon the enemy.

"Corporal Raymond Gibson, Marines: "In the Bois de Belleau on June 6, 1918, he carried a wounded officer off the field to safety while under heavy machine gun fire. He was killed in action June 5, 1918."

Second Lieut. Alton P. Wood, Infantry: "While on patrol in No Man's tramely heavy fire that his platoon was thus enabled to move against the enemy.

gun fire. He was killed in Second Lieut. Alton P. Wood, Infantry: "While on patrol in No Man's Land in the vicinity of Ancreville on the night of May 3 and 4, 1918, he displayed great courage and devotion to duty in continuing to direct his men and after having been mortally wounded men from field swept by machine gun fire and under fire of snipers. He continued this work with the aid of

He continued this work with the aid of other volunteers until all had been res-cued. This at Chateau Thierry, France, June 6, 1918." rines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, June 6, 1918, displayed extraordinary heroism during attack on the enemy's lines, during which time he constantly exposed himself to the enemy's fire without resard for personal danger, thereby assuring the delivery of suportant post near Badonville, France, on

judgment and devotion to duty in horo-ically defending his position against a large force of the enemy, continuing to perform his duty after having been badly gassed. He has since died as a reshult of gas poisoning." Sergeant (first class) Theron Dal-rymple, engineers: "At Bois de Villers, France, on May 9, 1918, displayed heroic devotion to duty by rendering first aid devotion to duty by rendering first ald assistance to the wounded, by handling his platoon under shell fire with coolness and courage and by attempting to pro-tect a comrade while he himself was mortally wounded."

Sergeant John Casey, marines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, June 6, 1918, although wounded during the counter attack, remained with his gre p, refusing to go to the rear or to accept medical attention until assured that the enemy Died Saving Comrades. had retired and his men had properly dug in." Corporal Arnold D. Godbey, marines :

Certy in conducting attacks against arrows considered and the continued first machine gun positions. The continued and supports and allowed the supports and allowed the supports and allowed the continued this work with the allowed the continued the surface against an impregnable position.

Attacked impregnable position.

Capt. Keller E. Rockey, Marines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, on June for the continued this work with the aid of other volunteers until all had been resulted.

Capt. Keller E. Rockey, Marines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, on June for the continued this work with the all of the continued this work with the all of the position."

Capt. Keller E. Rockey, Marines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, on June for the continued this work with the all of the continued the work with the all of the continued the

succeeded in bringing the other wounded

Crosses for the Dead. The commander in chief has also

The commander in chief has also awarded the Distinguished Service Cross posthumously to the following enlisted men of the Marines:

Gunnery Sergeant Harold Todd, Detroit; Gunnery Sergeant Francis J. Flynn, Binghamton, N. Y.; Gunnery Sergeant Arthur J. Rindeau, Webster, Mass.; First Sergeant William Higginson, Rochester, N. Y.; First Sergeant John Grant, Mars Hill, Me.; First Sergeant Edmund Tomadson, Copenhagen, geant Edmund Tomadson, Copenhagen, Denmark; Sergeant James J. Givens, Sergeant Luther W. Pilcher, Chipley, Fla.; Sergeant Fred T. Lukins, Indianapolis; Sergeant William B. Parley, Cor-poral Robert McC. Fischer, Minneapolis Sergeant Stephen G. Sherman, Minneap olls; Corporal Charles Auer, Brandon Ore.; Sergeant Vinvent M. Schwab, St

Also Corporal William H. Otto, Sergeant Willie Jeffress, Corporal William L. Griffen, Sergeant John W. Rogers, Corporal Charles W. Hewitt, Jr., Philadelphia; Sergeant Bernard Werner, Cor-poral Charles E. Platt, Lafayette, Ind. Corporal William Hansen, Portland Ore: Corporal Benjamin T. Strin, Corporal Mearl C. Alexander, Sharon, Pa. Corporal Karl W. Loke, Corporal Francis J. Dock, South Boston, Mass.; Cor poral George A. Mincey, Ogeechee, Ga., "killed in action at Chateau Thierry, France, June 6, 1918, they gave the supreme proof of that extraordinary heroism which will serve as an example to hitherto untried troops."

First Sergeant Daniel A. Hunter Westerly, R. I., Marines, "during the attack at Chateau Thierry, France, on June 6, 1918, he fearlessly exposed himself and encouraged all men near him.
although he himself was wounded three
times. He subsequently died of his

LIEUT. WOOD HONOR MAN.

Officer Killed in France Graduate

of Agricultural College. Boston, July 3 .- Second Lieut. Al ton P. Wood of this city, cited by Gen. Pershing to-day for bravery in direct-ing his men in No Man's Land while seriously wounded, died from gunsho wounds a week after his heroic exploit He was a graduate of Massachusett Agricultural College, where he attained high honors. He received his commis sion at Platteburg and was assigned to the National Army cantenment at Ayer. A week later he was sent overseas.

## BATTLE ENTHUSIASM MARKS LAST LETTER

"War Getting Along Gloriously," Wrote Soldier Now Missing in Action.

"The war is getting along gloriously. said Jacob Breskin in a letter to his Privates.

ADWELL, P. A. Repville, Mina. BRANDON, L. Clearwater, Fia. CHANDLER, G. I. Waverly Hall, Ga. COLLEY, M. R., Waynesville, Mo. COLLIER, E. M., Olathe, Kan. DUNLAVY, H. D., Goose Creek, Tex. EATON, J. P., Corning, N. Y. ELLSWORTH, B. A., Cripple Creek, Cel. FIELD, H. J. W., Haifield, Fa. GRANT, T. C., St. Louis.

HANNER, J. A., Bogaluss, La. LOCKHART, G. W., Wallsburg, Utah. LUCE, GEORGE W., Oxford, Mass. McBride, A., Clarendon, Ark. MAY, W. A., St. Louis.

NISSEN, R. H., Milwaukee.
PANKAW, H., Chicago.
NCHULTE, F. W., Quincy, III.
SUTTLES, M. T., San Marcos, Texas. TARTIROFF, D., Msiden, Mass.
WEISBARER, A. E., 183 Seymour avenue, Newark.

DIED OF WOUNDS. father, who lives at 1456 Weklus avenue, The Bronx. This letter was received at his home last week, and this week it was followed by a telegram from the War Department advising Jacob's parents that he was among those "missing in action." Breskin, who is 21 years old, enlisted in Company M of the in railroad construction and operation Twenty-third Infantry. He had seen in France. Nine regiments of railway service on the Mexican border and sailed engineers have been in France since last for France on September 17 last. He August. had been in the service four years. Seeking to spare his family the anxiety which accompanies boys going abroad, Edward Raymond Murray told his relatives that he was doing cierical chases of both cars and locomotives have work. It seems, however, that his en- been made abroad. deavors in this line were limited to writ-ing some very indelible impressions on the minds of the Huns in the opposite trench, for yesterday his elster, Mrs. cluding the construction of hundreds of miles of trackage for yards and the nec-Margaret Manley, of 503 West 172d street, was notified that her brother had died of wounds received on June 14 Murray was 21 years old, an orphan, and enlisted in the Marine Corps shortly after the outbreak of the war.

Gold Star in Flag. A gold star will replace one of the reon the service flag of the Farrells, for John Farrell, 23 years old, was re-ported yesterday as having died of wounds. This notification was received by his brother-in-law, who lives at 2394 Eighth avenue. Farrell died on June 2.
Farrell was a sergeant in Company
H. Twenty-sixth Infantry. He had been Passed Assistant Surgeon Richard Obshea, Marines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, on June 6, 1918, displayed exin the service for some years. His brother Philip is in the Merchant Marine,

traordinary heroism, treating the wounded while under heavy bombardment. He showed utter disregard of personal safety during the whole attack and after." traordinary heroism, treating the wounded while under heavy bombardment. He showed utter disregard of personal safety during the whole attack and after."

First Lieut Edward B. Hope, Marines: "At Chateau Thierry, France, June 6, 1918, displayed coolness and courage in directing his platoon in attack, during which he was badly wounded but refused assistance until wounded men near him had been treated."

brother Philip is in the Merchant Marine, Patrick in the Regular Army, and a cousin William, also in the army.

Joseph Sissler, 25 years old, said that his only regret was that "he hadn't killed any Germans yet." But he apparently had the long desired opportunity, and his name has appeared on the casualty list among the men of the Marine Corps who were killed in action. He was a sergeant, having enlisted at the age of 17, and had seen service in China and Cuba. He sailed for France last January. He is survived by a

Corporal Harold C. Carman, 22 years old, of Shelton avenue, Jamaica, L. I., was reported "killed in action" early in June while serving with the Marine Corps. Word was received to this effect yesterday by his father, Charles C. Car-man. Corporal Carman enlisted eigh-teen months ago and sailed for France

n January Less than a year before his enlistment he had been honorably discharged from the Thirteenth Coast Artillery, N. G. N. Y. He studied in Jamaica High School and is a member of one of the older Jamaica families.

to the telegram received by his mother, Mrs. Tabitha A. Person, he died in France on June 11.

It is believed that Person is one of a number of men who were injured several weeks ago by the accidental explosion of a bomb in a group of members of the 305th Infantry. He was a graduate Public School 115, and before his entrance into service was employed as a machinist's helper.

Private Alfred E. Welsbaker, listed

mans in the recent offensive ran into up. The same difficulty was met in the a group of about fifty Huns, who immediately opened fire on his machine, in spite of the fact that the Red Cross was plainly visible.

plainly visible.

Conly's own story of what followed was included in a letter written in the

s driving night and day, without sleep, provided additional facilities which are very little to eat and under terrific born-very much larger than those which pripardment. I had many a scare and vate enterprises have created. bardment. I had many a scare and more than one close shave, but I am through it all and am thankful. I didn't ome through without a scratch, though."

#### **BROWNINGS AND BIG GUNS GOING OVERSEA**

Continued from First Page.

CLOTHING AND MATERIAL FOR CLOTH-Shose, pairs.
Boots rubbers, hip, pairs.
Overshoes, arctice, pairs.
Cotton undershirts, each.
Denim cloth, yards.
Stockings, wool, pairs.

Health of Men in Cantonments. The deaths per thousand from all nuses in the Regular Army of the United the war will produce nitrate for fertiliga States has been as follows: 1898, 2.14: ing American farms, 1990, 7.78: 1901, 6.90; 1916, 5.13.

The death rate per thousand among all troops—Regulars, National Army and National Guard—in the United States for the week ended May 21 was 4.39 and for the week ended June 7.

"The death rate from disease only among all troops in the United States for the week ended June 7 was 3.16, which is still lower than that of the preceding week (3.21), which was then the record low rate since that of November

Hospital Accommodations.

The bed capacity on June 5 in all de partment hospitals in the United States was 17,667. New construction now un-der way will provide for a total of 87,244 beds. The number of base and general hospitals in this country has increased from seven to seventy-two and ill be further increased. Vast hospital facilities have been organized and are being organized in France providing beds numbering from 5 per cent, to 10

per cent. of the number of men in the American Expeditionary Force. Psychological examinations, of which more than 500,000 have been made, resulted in a weeding out of about one-fourth of 1 per cent. of the mer Nutritional surveys in 270 messes !

fifty camps have resulted in a readjust ment of rations and conservation of The number of officers in the Medica Corps has increased from 900 to 24,000 the number of enlisted men from \$,000 to 148,000. These figures, of course, are exclusive of the Sanitary Corps and the

army nurses.

Transportation in France. With the completion of the organiza tion of five new regiments and nineteen battalions of railway engineers there will be over 45,000 Americans engaged

There have been produced for the rail-road operations of the War Department

Deliveries of elementary training planes to June 8 were 4,495. Deliveries of advance training planes The average weekly production of advanced training planes during April was 22; during May 45; week ended June

To June 8, 285 combat pinnes were de-The weekly average of this type of machine in April was 5; in May 38 and for the week ended June 8, 80. Six thousand eight hundred and eighty training engines were delivered

Two thousand one hundred and thirty three advanced training engines were de-livered to same date.

More than 2,000 Liberty engines have been delivered to the army and navy. The average weekly production in April was 96; in May 143 and in the first week in June 115. Thirty-seven thousand two hundred

June 8.

and fifty machine guns were delive for use on aeroplanes before June 8.

China and Cuba. He sailed for France last January. He is survived by a father, a native of Aisace-Loraine, who is employed as a waiter in this city. His home is at 312 West Thirty-seventh street.

No information was available concerning Michael Kazemersky in the neighborhood from which he enlisted. He was reported as "missing in action" yesterdry.

More than 1,300,000 rifles were produced in America and delivered between the declaration of war and June 1 of this year.

Deliveries of new United States model 1917, the so-called modified Enfield, have passed the million mark. In the few weeks preceding June 1 more than 68,000 rifles were delivered. Sufficient rifles are being received to equip an army division every three days.

Ordnance Supplier.

As to machine guns: Heavy Brown-ings for instruction purposes are in every National Guard camp and National Army cantonment in this country where troops are in training. During May more than 900 of these heavy ma-chine guns were delivered. More than 1.800 light Browning ma-

chine guns were delivered in May.

Probably the most difficult undertaking in the outfitting of an army is the
manufacture of heavy artillery. Not Among the men who died from injuries was the name of Lloyd B. Person of 206 Eldert street, Brooklyn. According gramme. Sixteen plants had to be proto the telegram received by his mother, Mrs. Tabitha A. Person, he died in vided for the manufacture of mobile artillery. In practically all cases these plants had to be retooled and in some cases they were built from the ground



Shell Plants in Operation.

The problem of motorization of light artillery has been a constant tactor in slowing up the advance of traops to await the bringing forward ca their supporting guns. Tractors have been used by all nations, of course, two haul heavy pieces along good roads, but they have been unable to develop tractors for hauling their constants. for hauling light pieces over shell shat-tered ground. On June 3 the Ordnance Department demonstrated a five ton armored artillery tractor, which perved capable of negotiating the most dist suit terrain, hauling a 4.7 howitzer, which weighed approximately 9,000 pounds. weighed approximately 9,000 pounds.

Approximately \$99,000,000 are twing spent to provide for manufacture of nitrates which are essential in the maxufacture of explosives but heretofure have had to be procured in Chile. The building of these plants will add to our powder output, will save large amounts from all of cargo space and it is supposed after the war will produce nitrate for fertiliza-

Port Facilities in France.

Among the most dramatic stories of the war is that of the development in the United States with a red light by American engineers and American district in its vicinity.

enterprises of port facilities on this. The Commission on Classification of Secretary of War.

was included in a letter written in the hospital while he was recovering from his wounds.

"My section was in the thick of the fighting since the very first day, and the events of the last two weeks have been a nightmare," he wrote.

"As soon as the drive started we were on the job, and we had our hands full. All that I remember of the attack is driving night and day, without sleep.

Ordnance engineers, it seems are well on their way to a solution of the prob-lem of the motorization of field artillery. The problem of motorization of light

send sawmills after them, to cut down trees, to shape them into timbers and to build them into docks in order that our troops might leave their ships. Large as this work was and fast as the flow of troops has been accelerated the facilities for dockage have kept pace with the shipments of troops and

Consensus of opinion is that drunkenness in the army is completely under control, both in the United States and in France. Gen. Pershing states: "As there is little beer sold in France men

French coast. It is not permissible to say where this development has taken place, but the scope of it may be judged by the fact that it would be possible to handle during the month of July a maximum of 750,000 tons at the ports of the American Army in France. It was pecessary before troops of the American Expeditionary Force could be landed to send an organization of foresters into the woods of France, to send sawmills after them, to cut down

A desire among the men in the milltary service to get to France and to the front is universal. The Secretary of War stated before the Semate Military Committee that he had seen grizzled men of the array turn away from his desk to hide their tears when they were asked to do organization work in Amer-ica rather than go to France, where the glory of their profession iles. When the Secretary of War started for Europe and was on the ocean he was approached in a number of instances by scamen re-questing transfers to the army in order that they might see service which seemed

who drink are thus limited to the light | In France it was necessary to change native wines used by all French peo-ple. Even this is discouraged among our troops in every possible way."

You may travel for weeks in France in getting men to serve in a region hav-

our troops in every possible way."

You may travel for weeks in France without seeing an intoxicated American soldier. In the Congressional Record on or about March 31 there is reprinted the statement of a journalist in France, beginning:

"Every one is on the water wagon at the American front. During the past month I have been at the front daily and often twice a day, seeing thousands of American soldiers. In that time I saw exactly one mandrunk and one other who was under the influence of liquor."

The Third Assistant Secretary of War in ten days at a National Army camp adjacent to Chicago saw two camp adjacent to Chicago saw two my own happiness and satisfaction as to men intoxicated. the results which the War Department

#### The War Industries Board WASHINGTON, D. C.

request the Retail Merchants of New York to adopt

the following rules in the conduct of their business: I-The restriction of deliveries to not more than one trip a

day over each route. 2-Limiting to three days the time a customer may retain mer-

chandise in possession in order to enjoy the return privilege.

3-The restriction of special deliveries. B. Altman & Co., in carrying out the schedule outlined above, ask that patrons of the Store endeavor, as far as practicable,

to accomplish their shopping during the early hours of the day.

# B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK Thirty-fourth Street

Thirty-fifth Street

A Special Offering of Silk Crepe de Chine Dresses

> (washable, and of superior quality) exceptionally priced at

\$29.00

will take place to-morrow (Friday) in the Department for Women's Ready-to-wear Dresses

(Third Floor)

Final Reductions

have been made in the prices of all lines of

Women's Low Shoes

scheduled for discontinuance from stock.

The styles are in every way desirable for present and all-Summer wear, but as the size ranges are broken and the quantities limited (especially in the more popular models) an early selection is earnestly recommended.

(Women's Shoe Department, Second Floor)

During July and August the Store will be closed all day on Saturdays

EARL & WILSON